



RESOLUTION on

ANGOLA

Eleven years after the end of the civil war, the government of President José Eduardo dos Santos, in office for 34 years, did not fulfill the terms of the various peace agreements signed between UNITA and his government. In this context, the democratization process and national reconciliation required by these agreements, celebrated among the belligerents under the auspices of the United Nations and the Observers Troika (Portugal, Russia and the United States of America), are still not in effect, and have in fact been eroded substantially over the past five years to very worrying levels.

Considering extremely serious the systematic violation of human rights in Angola in which journalists, peaceful demonstrators and members of the opposition parties are victims.

Considering the lack of transparency in the actions of the government and in the managing of public funds by the government of MPLA.

Considering serious the institutionalization of corruption and nepostism in the Angolan political system.

Considering the absence of separation of powers between the excutive, the judicial and legislative branches, which leads to the abuse of power, impunity, arrogance and dictatorship.

Considering that the Angolan government supported by the MPLA has not yet grasped the exercise of democracy and the peaceful coexistence with opposition parties, preventing in numerous areas of the country the free exercise of political rights by the citizens, political activities enshrined in the Constitution of the Republic of Angola – CRA.

The CDI:

- 1. Urges the Angolan government to put an end to systematic violations of human rights in Angola, especially the practice of targeted killings, beatings, disappearances, arbitrary arrests and aggression against peaceful demonstrators and journalists.
- 2. Calls to clarify the fate of Alves Kamulingue and Isaías Cassule, two young people who disappeared more than year ago, taken by the police during a demonstration of former militaries in Luanda.
- 3. Calls on the Angolan government to finish the demobilization and social reinsertion process of all the former militaries of the various Angolan conflicts.
- 4. Calls on the Angolan government to make an effort to work with all the actors in Angolan society to deepen democracy and national reconciliation with a perspective of transparency in the electoral processes and the realization of first local elections in Angola;
- 5. Urges to stop using the Angolan Armed Forces and the police to repress activists from opposition parties as was the case in the Kapupa locality in the municipality of Cubal, Benguela Province on the 22nd and 23rd of September 2013.